

Instruction Manual Model CA900 Fluoride Analyzer



PREFACE

Purchasing products from Electro-Chemical Devices, Inc. provides you with the finest liquid analytical instrumentation available. If this is your first purchase from ECD, please read the entire manual before installing and commissioning your new equipment.

Manuals are accessible on the ECD website at https://ecdi.com/product-literature/product-literature/.

If there are any questions concerning this equipment, please contact your local ECD representative, or the factory directly at:

Electro-Chemical Devices, Inc.

1500 North Kellogg Dr. Anaheim, CA 92807 USA Telephone: +1-714-695-0051 FAX: +1-714-695-0057 Website: <u>www.ecdi.com</u> Email: <u>sales@ecdi.com</u>

SYMBOLS USED IN MANUAL

This symbol is used to designate important information, warnings and cautions. Failure to follow this information could lead to harm to the instrument or user.
No operator serviceable parts, service by authorized service personnel only.
This symbol is used to designate a WARNING "Risk of Electrical Shock"
Disconnect supply before servicing
Equipment protected throughout by double insulation.

Contents of this manual are believed to be correct at the time of printing and are subject to change without notice. ECD is not responsible for damage to the instrument, poor performance of the instrument or losses resulting from such, if the problems are caused by:

- Incorrect operation by the user.
- Use of the instrument in incorrect applications.
- Use of the instrument in an inappropriate environment or incorrect utility program (power supply).
- Repair or modification of the related instrument by anyone not authorized by ECD.
- There are no operator accessible parts. Service and maintenance to be done by authorized personnel only.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.



Read the complete manual before installing or using the equipment.

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RETURN GOODS POLICY

All requests for returned goods must be initiated through our Customer Service Department. Please call our phone number (714) 695-0051 with the specifics of your request. The following conditions must be satisfied for consideration of applicable credit for the return of products purchased from Electro-Chemical Devices:

- 1) The item is unused and in the original package.
- 2) The item was shipped directly from Electro-Chemical Devices.
- 3) The item has not been damaged in shipment to Electro-Chemical Devices.
- 4) Items containing date-sensitive parts such as electrodes, must be returned within 1 month of the invoiced date.
- 5) Items without date-sensitive parts must be returned within 3 months of the invoiced date.

A Return Merchandize Authorization Number must be obtained from Customer Service and be provided on all paperwork and packaging. To obtain a Return Merchandize Authorization Number, please provide the reason for return, the date of purchase, your original purchase order number, and either our order number or our invoice number. The issuance of a Return Merchandize Authorization Number is a verbal approval for return only and does not guarantee credit or allowance. Returned goods must be received within 30 days of the issuance date of the Return Merchandize Authorization Number or it will become null and void.

Necessary physical and mechanical inspection is completed upon receipt of the item. Applicable credit or equivalent allowance is determined after inspection of the returned item. If all of the above conditions are met, and the item has been approved to return to our stock, a restocking charge of 25% of the purchase price is deducted from the applicable credit

IMPORTANT SERVICE INFORMATION

Use only factory authorized components for repair. Tampering or unauthorized substitution of components may adversely affect the operation of this product and may void the warranty.

If service or repair is required, please obtain the serial number(s) or sales order number of the product(s) in question and contact ECD's Service Department at:

+1-800-729-1333 (USA/Canada) or +1-714-695-0051 or email <u>Service@ecdi.com</u>

A Return Material Authorization (RMA) number must be obtained from the service department before returning any material to ECD. All material returned to ECD shall be shipped prepaid to the factory.

RECEIVING THE INSTRUMENT

Your Electro-Chemical Devices instrument has been carefully packaged to protect it from damage during shipment and dry storage. Upon receipt please follow the procedure outlined below.

- 1. Before unpacking, inspect the condition of the shipping container to verify proper handling by the carrier. If damage is noted, save the shipping container as proof of mishandling for the carrier.
- 2. Check the contents of the shipping container with the items and quantities shown on the packing list. Immediately report any discrepancies to ECD.
- 3. Save the original packing material until you are satisfied with the contents. In the event the product(s) must be returned to ECD, the packing material will allow you to properly ship it to ECD.
- 4. Familiarize yourself with the instrument before installation, and follow proper installation and wiring procedures.



WARNING Electrical installation must be in accordance with the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA-70), Canadian Electrical Code and/or any other applicable national or local codes.

INSTALLATION AND WIRING

Failure to follow the proper instructions may cause damage to this instrument and warranty invalidation. Use only qualified personnel to install, operate and maintain the product.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE

 CCEPTANCE. If this writing differs in any way from the terms and conditions of Buyer's order or if this writing is construed as an acceptance or as a confirmation acting as an acceptance, then Seller's acceptance is EXPRESSLY MADE CONDITIONAL ON BUYER'S ASSENT TO ANY TERMS AND CONDITIONS CONTAINED HEREIN THAT ARE DIFFERENT FROM OR ADDITIONAL TO THOSE CONTAINED IN BUYER'S WRITING. Further, this writing shall be deemed notice of objection to such terms and conditions of Buyer. If this writing is construed as the offer, acceptance hereof is EXPRESSLY LIMITED TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS CONTAINED HEREIN. In any event, Buyer's acceptance of the goods shall manifest Buyer's assent to Seller's terms and conditions. No addition to or modification of these terms will be effective, unless set forth in writing and agreed to by Seller.

2. WARRANTIES AND REMEDIES

- a. Warranty. Seller warrants to Buyer that it holds and will pass marketable title to the goods sold hereunder. Seller warrants to Buyer that the items and components manufactured by Seller will be free from defects in material and workmanship (subject, however, to tolerances and variances permitted by the trade hereunder) for a period one (1) year for non-consumable products. Consumable electrodes and sensors have a conditional warranty based shelf life and process conditions and is determined by Seller.
- b. Exclusion and Conditions. Seller's obligations with respect to the express warranties and remedies contained herein are conditioned on the following: (i) Buyer's return of the non-conforming goods, if authorized by Seller: (ii) Buyer shall not assign its rights under these express warranties and any attempted assignment shall render such warranties, but not any disclaimers or limitations, void and the goods sold shall be sold AS IS; and (iii) all products shall be carefully inspected for damage by Buyer upon receipt, be properly calibrated for Buyer's particular use, and be used, repaired, and maintained by Buyer in accordance with the instructions set forth in Seller's product literature. Repair and maintenance by non-qualified personnel, product subjected to misuse or negligence, and/or damaged during shipment will invalidate the warranty, as will the use of non-approved consumables or spare parts. As with any other sophisticated product, it is essential, and a condition of Seller's warranty, that all personnel using the product be fully acquainted with its use, capabilities and limitations as set forth in the applicable product literature.
- 3. DISCLAIMER OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES. Seller gives no warranties except those expressly contained herein. Seller disclaims all other warranties implied by law usage of the trade, course of dealing or course of performance including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of MERCHANTABILITY and fitness for a particular purpose.
- 4. LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY. The following limitations of Seller's liability are acknowledged by the parties to be fair and reasonable and shall apply to any act or omission hereunder, and to any breach of this contract of which these terms and conditions form a part:
 - a. Disclaimer of Damage. In no event shall Seller be liable for special, indirect, consequential or incidental damages whether arising under contract, warranty, tort, strict liability or any other theory of liability. Such damages include but are not limited to loss of profits, loss of use of goods, damage to property, and claims of third parties.
 - b. Suitability. Buyer acknowledges that it alone has determined the intended purpose and suitability of the goods sold hereunder. It is expressly agreed by the parties that any technical or other advice given by the Seller with respect to the use of the goods or services is given without charge and at Buyer's risk; therefore Seller assumes no obligation or liability for the advice given or results obtained.
 - c. Notice and Time of Claims.

i.

- Buyer agrees to check and inspect all products against shipping papers and for damage or shortage upon receipt of goods at destination.
- ii. Every claim for shortage, damage in transit, or other cause visible upon inspection shall be deemed waived by the Buyer, or the Buyer's customer in the case of resale, unless delivered in writing to Seller by Buyer thirty (30) days from the tender of delivery of the goods to Buyer, provided, however, that claims for shortage must be made within seven (7) days of receipt.
- iii. The parties expressly waive the statute of limitations and agree that any legal proceeding for any breach of this contract shall be waived unless filed within one (1) year after the accrual of the cause of action thereof.
- 5. FORCE MAJEURE. Seller shall not be liable for any delay in delivery, or failure to deliver, due to any cause beyond the Seller's control including but not limited to fires, floods, or other forces of the elements; strikes, or other labor disputes; accidents to machinery; acts of sabotage; riots; precedence or priorities granted at the request or for the benefit, directly or indirectly of the federal or any state government or any subdivision or agency thereof, delay in transportation or lack of transportation facilities; restrictions imposed by federal, state or other governmental legislation or rules or regulations thereof. If Seller, in its sole discretion, determines that Seller's performance hereunder would result in a loss to Seller's on this sale as computed under Seller's normal accounting procedures because of causes beyond Seller's control, then the Seller may terminate this agreement in whole or in part without liability for any delay in the delivery of, or failure to deliver, the goods sold hereunder
- 6. TAXES AND OTHER CHARGES. The Buyer will pay, or reimburse Seller if it pays, any and all taxes or tariffs or any other similar charges imposed upon this contract, the goods covered hereby or the delivery or use or resale thereof.
- 7. FREIGHT CHARGES. If the sale hereunder is other than F.O.B. Seller's facility, this acknowledgement is based upon the freight charges now in effect. In the event of an increase or decrease in applicable freight charges before the goods are shipped, such charge in freight will be for the Buyer's account.
- 8. PRICES AND DELIVERY. Prices quoted herein are F.O.B. shipping point. Deliveries specified are only our best estimate and are subject to change. This quotation is based upon freight charges now in effect. Buyer will be invoiced at the freight charge prevailing at the date of shipment. Prices are firm for orders meeting Seller's normal shipping schedules. If shipments are held or postponed for any reason other than Seller's fault, and a price increase becomes effective during the period of such hold or postponement, the increase will apply to all shipments that are held or postponed thirty (30) days or more from the effective date of the increase.
- 9. PAYMENTS. If in the judgment of Seller the financial condition of Buyer at any time prior to shipment does not justify the terms of payment specified, Seller may cancel the order, withhold shipment, and/or require full or partial payment in advance. If payment is not made when due, Seller may suspend all future delivery or other performance with respect to Buyer without liability or penalty and, in addition to all other sums payable hereunder, Buyer shall pay to Seller (i) the reasonable costs and expenses incurred by Seller in connection with all actions taken to enforce collection or to preserve and protect Seller's rights hereunder, whether by legal proceedings or otherwise, including without limitation reasonable attorneys' fees, court costs and other expenses and (ii) interest on all amounts unpaid after 30 days charged at the monthly rate of 1-1/2% or the highest rate permitted by law, whichever is lower.
- 10. CANCELLATION OR ALTERATION. Buyer may not alter or cancel any order without Seller's written consent. For any order altered or cancelled with Seller's consent, Buyer must pay for all expenses and labor incurred up to the time of Seller's consent, plus a reasonable percentage for profit. Any order delayed or deferred by Buyer will be subject to price escalation for increased costs of production, and any other expenses caused by the delay. Material on such orders will be stored at Buyer's risk. Seller reserves the right to invoice Buyer and require payment before shipment of any delayed or deferred order.
- 11. TITLE AND RISK OF LOSS. Title and risk of loss shall pass to buyer at Anaheim, California, unless otherwise specified in the contract. If delivery is made by common carrier, risk of loss shall pass upon delivery to the carrier. Claims for loss or damage in transit must be made by Buyer to the carrier. Seller accepts no responsibility for loss or damage to product in transit.
- 12. PATENT OR TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT. If the goods sold hereunder are to be prepared for manufacture according to Buyers specification, Buyer shall indemnify Seller against any claim or liability for patent, trademark, service mark or trade name infringement on account of preparation, manufacture and/orsale.
- 13. NON-WAIVER. If Government Contract Regulations require the addition, deletion, or modification of these terms and conditions upon prior notification to Seller and Seller's written acceptance thereof, such changes shall become a part of these terms and conditions. Seller shall not be bound by any Government Contract Regulations applicable to Buyer's contracts with the U.S. Government unless Buyer has expressly acknowledged, on the face of this document, the applicability of such Regulations to the transaction between Buyer and Seller contemplated herein. Absent such acknowledgement, Seller is making the assumption in issuing this document that no such Regulations apply.
- 14. JURISDICTION. All such disputes shall be resolved in a court of competent jurisdiction in Orange County, California. Buyer hereby consents to the jurisdiction of the State and Federal Courts sitting in Orange County. Notwithstanding the above, should either party contest the jurisdiction of such courts, the other party may institute its suit in any court of competent jurisdiction.
- 15. APPLICABLE LAW. All questions arising hereunder or in connection with the quotations or any order submitted in connection therewith and/or the performance of the parties hereunder shall be interpreted and resolved in accordance with the laws of the state of California without regard to its conflict of law provisions and excluding the United Nations Convention on the International Sale of Goods.

Table of Contents

Preface		2
Symbols Used in Manual		
Return Goods Policy		
Important Service Information		
Receiving the Ir	nstrument	5
INSTALLATION AND	D WIRING	5
Terms and Con	ditions of Sale	6
1.0 Overview		
1.1 Feature	2S	
1.2 Specific	cations	10
2.0 Safety Prec	autions, Instructions and Hazards	11
2.1.1	General Information	
2.1.2	List of Warnings and Potential Dangers	
2.1.3	Reagents	
2.1.4	Sample Stream	
2.1.5	Waste Disposal of the liquid reagents for the reaction	
2.1.6	Analyzer General Hazards	
2.1	.6.1 Electrical precautions and hazards	14
2.1	.6.2 Operating precautions and hazards	14
2.1	.6.3 Chemical and waste gas hazards	14
3.0 Introductio	n – Analyzer Description	15
3.1 Applica	tions	15
3.2 Workin	g principle: Ion Selective (ISE) using ECD Fluoride Electrode	15
3.3 Analysi	s Cycle	15
3.3.1	Typical Run Sequence	
4.0 Component	ts	16
4.1 Electric	al Section	17
4.2 Liquids	Section	
4.2.1	Pumps	
4.2.2	Drain Valve	
4.2.3	Reaction Cell	
4.2.4	Fluoride Sensor	
5.0 Mounting		21
5.1 Wiring.		22
5.1.1	Wiring, Power	
5.1.2	Wiring, Analog Outputs (Ao)	
5.1.3	Wiring, Contact Relay Outputs	
5.1.4	Wiring, Digital Input (Di)	
6.0 Reagents a	6.0 Reagents and Buffers	
7.0 OPERATION		
7.1 Conven	itions	24
7.1.1	Definitions	24
7.1.2	Colors	

	7.1.3	Buttons and Indica	tors	25
	7.1	.3.1 Special Button	S	25
	7.1.4	Popup Screens		
	7.1.5	Pulldown Screens.		
7.2	Startup	Screen		26
7.3	Base S	reens		27
	7.3.1	Base Screen A (Ma	in)	
	7.3	.1.1 Base Screen A	(Main Run)	29
	7.3	.1.2 Main Screen A	(Run Continuous)	
	7.3	.1.3 Main Screen A	1 (Run Recipe)	
	7.3.2	Base Screen B		
	7.3	.2.1 Base Screen B	(Manual Activation: Sample Pump)	
	7.3	.2.2 Base Screen B	(Manual Activation: Reagent Pump)	
	7.3	.2.3 Base Screen B	(Manual Activation: Drain)	35
	7.3	.2.4 Base Screen B	(Manual Activation: Bottle Maintenance)	
	7.3	.2.5 Base Screen B	(Manual Activation: Mixer)	
	7.3.3	Base Screen C (Sen	sor Data)	
	7.3.4	Base Screen E (Flue	pride Chart)	
7.4	Mainte	nance Menu and Fu	inctions	
	7.4.1	Maintenance Men	u: RINSE	39
	7.4.2	Maintenance Men	u: DRAIN	40
	7.4.3	Maintenance Men	u: STORE SENSOR	
7.5	Menu	unctions (Menu Ho	me Screen)	
	7.5.1	Alarm Log		
	7.5.2	Configure		
	7.5	.2.1 Configure (Syst	tem Menu)	45
		7.5.2.1.1 Langua	age	45
		7.5.2.1.2 Bottle	Maintenance	45
		7.5.2.1.3 Display	/	
		7.5.2.1.4 Datalo	g	47
		7.5.2.1.5 Ethern	et Settings	
		7.5.2.1.6 Passwo	ord	
		7.5.2.1.7 System	n Settings	
		7.5.2.1.8 I/O – D	Digital Inputs	50
		7.5.2.1.9 I/O – 4	-20 mA and Relays	51
		(See Section 7.6 fo	r 4-20 mA and Section 7.7 for Relays)	51
		7.5.2.1.10 Reset	Jser Choices	51
	7.5	.2.2 Configure (Sen	sor Menu)	52
	7.5.3	Cal Sensor 1		52
	7.5.4	Information		53
	7.5	.4.1 Sensor Info		53
	7.5	.4.2 System Info		54
7.6	Analog	Outputs (4-20 mA)	Configurations	55
	7.6.1	4-20 mA (Process \	/ariable, PV)	56
	7.6.2	4-20 mA (Sensor V	alue)	

	7.6.3	4-20 mA (Sensor Temperature)	. 57
	7.6.4	4-20 mA (Digital Input, Di 1-4)	. 58
7.7	Relay C	onfigurations	. 59
	7.7.1	Relay Type (Alarm)	. 60
	7.7	.1.1 Relay Type (Alarm – Sensor 1 Value)	.61
	7.7	.1.2 Relay Type (Alarm – Sensor 1 Temperature)	.61
	7.7	.1.3 Relay Type (Alarm – Process Variable)	.61
	7.7	.1.4 Relay Type (Alarm – Digital Input)	. 62
	7.7.2	Relay Type (Timed)	. 62
	7.7.3	Relay Type (Fault)	. 63
	7.7.4	Relay Type (Disable)	. 63
	7.7.5	Relay Type (Simulation)	. 63
7.8	Calibra	tion	.64
	7.8.1	Auto Calibration	. 65
	7.8.2	Standardize Calibration	. 66
	7.8.3	Manual Calibration	. 66
	7.8.4	Temperature Calibration	. 66
7.9	Menu a	Ind User Interface Configurations	.67
	7.9.1	System Hold Indications	. 67
8.0 Ma	intenan	ce	. 68
8.1	VISUAL	CHECK	.68
8.2	MONTH	iLΥ	.68
8.3	EVERY 4	4-6 MONTHS (DEPENDING ON APPLICATION)	. 68
8.4	ANNUA	L	. 68
9.0 Tro	ublesho	oting	. 69
10.0 S	ensor M	aintenance	.70
10.	1 Electi	rode Cartridge Replacement	.70
10.	2 Electi	rode Cartridge Maintenance	.70
	10.2.1	CLEANING	. 70
	10.2.2	POLISHING	. 70
10.	3 \$80/[DS80 Sensor Specifications	.71
	10.3.1	Fluoride Electrode	. 71
11.0 A	nalyzer	Shutdown	.72
Append	lix A	Purchasing Information7	3
Append	lix B	Parts and Accessories7	4

1.0 OVERVIEW

Thank you for purchasing our Model CA900 Fluoride Analyzer.

The CA900 Fluoride Analyzer was designed and manufactured to be an easy-to-use, high-sensitivity and low-cost measuring instrument. This Analyzer should give you many years of reliable and hassle-free operation with regular care and maintenance.

This document is the Operating Manual for the Analyzer. We recommend you record the purchasing information on the form in Appendix A Page 73.

The Model CA900 Fluoride Analyzer is 100-240 VAC line powered, 50/60 Hz. Available options include, (4) 4 to 20 mA outputs, (4) configurable Relays (for Alarm, Timed Relay, and Fault), (4) digital inputs, and Ethernet communication.

1.1 FEATURES

- 1. User-replaceable sensor cartridge at minimal cost.
- 2. Simple, user friendly menu structure.
- 3. Noise free digital communication with sensors.
- 4. Reads and writes calibration data to sensor.
- 5. Non-Isolated 4-20 mA output.
- 6. Ethernet control and monitoring functions.
- 7. Datalogging of the Fluoride primary variable the Fluoride sensors, (4) 4-20 outputs, (4) digital inputs, and events.
- 8. Remote measurement cycle activation.

1.2 Specifications

Analysis	Fluoride
Measuring Range	0 to 2000ppm.
Response Time	4 minute cycle plus any user entered wait time.
Repeatability	+/- 2%
Drift	+/- 2% per month of full scale measurements
Input Signals	Non-Isolated 4-20 mA Input
	Non-Isolated Digital Input
	Non-Isolated Remote activation (using Digital Input 1)
Output Signals	Ethernet
Contact Relays	Four (4) SPDT, 1 form C (NO - Normally Open, C - Common, NC - Normally Closed), 250 VAC, 15 Amp resistive maximum relays, user configurable as Hi/Lo alarms with expiration timer, Periodic or Fault alarms
Display	Color 12cm W x 9cm H (4.6in. W x 3.5in. H) LCD with resistive touch panel.
Enclosure	Wall mounted, Beige Polycarbonate, IP65, weatherproof, 17 in W x 32 in H x 9 in D / 43cm W x 81cm H x 23cm D
Power	100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 0.7 to1.4A, protected with 250V, 14A Breaker
Operating Temperature	-5°C - 50°C (23 - 122°F)
Relative Humidity	0 – 80%, up to 31°C Decreasing linearly to 50% RH a 40°C
Altitude	Up to 2000m (6500ft.)
Mains Supply Voltage	Fluctuations up to ±10% of the nominal voltage Transient over voltages: CAT II Pollution Degree: 2
Shipping	Size1 43cm x 30cm x 23cm (7 in W x 11.7 in H x 9 in D) Weight 17kg (38 lbs.)

2.0 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, INSTRUCTIONS AND HAZARDS



This Manual contains important information required to install, start up and operate the Model CA900 Fluoride Analyzer. Please read the entire manual carefully before installing or placing the analyzer into service!

2.1.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Pay attention to all Caution and Danger labels present on the analyzer and all Caution and Danger statements written in this manual.

Electro-Chemical Devices shall not be liable for errors contained herein and/or for the incorrect use of the analyzer. The analyzer's users must read the User's Manual before placing the CA900 Fluoride Analyzer into service. Observe the instructions and follow all national and local regulations and laws regarding workers health and safety.

The use, maintenance and service of this analyzer is restricted to qualified personnel, fully trained in the analyzer's operations. These personnel are intended to be physically and mentally fit and not under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

When the analyzer is not in use, it should be protected from intentional or unintentional powering up, using a proper power switch.

Failure to do so or non-observance of hazards or dangers warnings could result in death or serious injury to the operators or damage to the analyzer.

Before using the analyzer, it is necessary to visually check for damage to the safety devices and to report them to your supervisor even if they don't cause analyzer stop or malfunction.

All of the analyzer's components are installed inside a plastic enclosure; a special key is required to open the door, only qualified maintenance personnel should have access to the key.

2.1.2 LIST OF WARNINGS AND POTENTIAL DANGERS

The table below is a list of Hazard and Danger Warning Labels found on the analyzer and/or in this manual. Damaged or illegible labels should be replaced with new ones by the analyzer owner.

	Poisonous Substances: Very hazardous to health when inhaled, swallowed or when they come in contact with the skin. May even lead to death. Danger! Avoid contact with the human body and immediately contact a physician in case of contact.	Involved parts:fluids sectionreagent containers
4	Hazard of electrical shock This symbol is used to represent a hazard of severe electric shock or electrocution. All adjustments and maintenance on electrical devices labeled with this symbol should be made by qualified personnel in accordance with national or local regulations. Qualified Personnel means a person who has been fully trained and has professional experience to avoid electrical hazards and dangers. To avoid potentially fatal electrical shock and/or analyzer damage always disconnect input power to analyzer before servicing.	Involved parts:main power supplyperistaltic pump motorinput terminal
	Hazard of chemical burns This symbol is used to represent a hazard of severe burns or injury due to handling of dangerous chemicals. All handling, maintenance and filling operations of chemicals labeled with this symbol should be made by qualified personnel in accordance with national or local regulations. Qualified Personnel means a person who has been fully trained and has the professional experience to avoid chemical hazards and dangers. Before handling the chemicals or proceeding with service operations, read the material safety data sheets supplied with each chemical and follow all necessary precautions when handling.	Involved parts:Fluids sectionReagent containers
×	Harmful Specific warning depending on the parameter analyzed and the amount of reagents.	Involved parts:Fluids sectionReagent containers
	Warning of general hazard This symbol means that is necessary read the manual before proceeding to any service operation in order to properly perform the operation. Only qualified personnel, fully trained on the analyzers use and maintenance are allowed to proceed with service operations on the unit.	

2.1.3 REAGENTS

The Model CA900 Fluoride Analyzer is based on Ion-Selective (ISE) analysis methods, using Ionic Strength Adjuster Reagent 1. For the dangers and hazards regarding the chemicals used for the analysis, refer to Chapter 6.0 Page 23 for reagent use.

Make sure that proper safety precautions are taken (e.g. using safety gloves and glasses) during handling the chemical solutions and the reagents containers / bottles.

Read carefully the Material Safety Data Sheets of each chemical. All bottles of reagents must be labeled with the specific hazards and dangers labels.



THE REAGENT INPUT MUST BE AT ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE

Failure to do so will cause tubing rupture and over-filling of the Reaction Cell which will cause incorrect readings. In addition, the Reagent could be damaged.

2.1.4 SAMPLE STREAM

Take appropriate precautions to avoid direct contact with sample stream. It is the responsibility of the user to collect all the information and take all the precautions regarding physical, chemical, radiation and/or biological hazards and dangers coming from sample stream and/or sample vapors. It is also responsibility of the user to collect all the information and potential hazards regarding the chemical and physical compatibility of sample stream with the analyzer materials.

Table 1: List of materials used in the Model CA900 Fluoride Analyzer

Pump tubing	Silicon
Fittings	РР
Connection tubing	Silicon
Reaction cell	PVC
Drain valve	Norprene®



THE SAMPLE STREAM MUST BE AT ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE

Failure to do so will cause tubing rupture and over-filling of the Reaction Cell which will cause incorrect readings. In addition, the Sample Pump could be damaged.

2.1.5 WASTE DISPOSAL OF THE LIQUID REAGENTS FOR THE REACTION

The liquid from the drain of the reaction cell may need to be collected in a separate canister. For guidelines on disposal consult the requirements of the Local Authority for chemical waste regulation. Arrange removal by a Disposal Company.

2.1.6 ANALYZER GENERAL HAZARDS

2.1.6.1 Electrical precautions and hazards

- 1. Power to the CA900 Fluoride Analyzer must be routed through an ON/OFF power switch.
- 2. Mind the electrical shock and/or electrocution labels placed on the analyzer.
- 3. All electrical devices powered by 110/220 VAC present the hazard of electrical shock or electrocution.
- 4. The analyzer enclosure is equipped with a door that requires a special key for opening to protect all the personnel involved in analyzer use and maintenance.
- 5. Only Qualified Service Personnel should have access to the key that opens the analyzer.
- 6. Before servicing the analyzer or any parts that are electrically powered, turn off the power to avoid the risk of electrocution.
- 7. Inside the analyzer's lower level, the electrical protection is IP2X. Analyzer's enclosure is IP54.
- 8. Protection against electrical shock is guaranteed by the grounding of all isolated metal surfaces. Grounding terminal/screw is located inside the electrical enclosure, in Upper Left position.
- 9. It is the user's responsibility to periodically check the efficacy of analyzer's electrical ground.
- 10. In case of loss of power, the analyzer stops and automatically restarts as soon as power is returned.

2.1.6.2 Operating precautions and hazards

1. **HAZARD**: Mechanical hazards caused by moving parts such as the peristaltic pump, the motor... PREVENTIVE ACTIONS:

To avoid risks the analyzer's moving parts have been designed, built and located in an enclosure with a special key. When present inside the enclosure, these parts have protection covers to avoid any contact and physical injuries to users.

2. HAZARD: Hazard of burns and poisoning caused by contact with dangerous chemicals PREVENTIVE ACTIONS:

To avoid risks, the analyzer's parts that can cause contact with chemicals have been designed, built and located in closed enclosure with a special opening key. Before servicing the liquids section, read the material safety data sheets supplied with each chemical to take all the necessary precautions when handling. Wear eye protections, gloves, mask and protective clothing if necessary.

3. HAZARD: Hazard of poisoning caused by waste gas leaking from the hydraulic parts or waste collector.

PREVENTIVE ACTIONS:

Install the analyzer in location of adequate dimensions and in a well-ventilated area.

4. HAZARD: Hazard of electric shock and/or electrocution inside the electrical enclosure. PREVENTIVE ACTIONS:

The analyzer's electric equipment complies with EN 60204 requirements.

To avoid risks, the analyzer's parts that can cause hazard of electric shock and/or electrocution have been designed, built and located in an enclosure with a special key. When working inside the enclosure, these parts have protective covers and warning labels to avoid any contact and serious injuries or death to users.



Note: Electrical equipment, input power and grounding must comply with all national and local regulations and laws.

Check that the source voltage to be used corresponds with that requested by the analyzer.

Check periodically the power cord as well as the analyzer grounding.

Check periodically the power cord as well as the analyzer grounding.

2.1.6.3 Chemical and waste gas hazards

The analyzer has been designed, built and equipped to avoid risks caused by physical and chemical factors such as noise, vibrations, radiations, dust, waste gas etc.

CA900 Fluoride Analyzer Manual 4100037 Rev A

3.0 INTRODUCTION – ANALYZER DESCRIPTION

This manual provides general information regarding the principles of operation, the proper installation and operation of the CA900 Fluoride Analyzer.

The Model CA900 is an on-line sequential sampling analyzer (a sequence of sampling, analysis and result processing), using Ion-Selective (ISE) methods.

The analyzer is assembled with two separated sections with two lockable doors. The top section is the ELECTRICAL enclosure. It includes the main power supply, the controller PCB assembly and the touch screen interface. The bottom section is the LIQUIDS section. It includes all of the components involved in the flow, mixing and reaction stages of the sample and reagents (sampling pump, Ion-Selective (ISE) Sensor, reaction cell...).

3.1 APPLICATIONS

Maintaining water quality and industrial water discharges is essential in many different processes—everything from drinking water to wastewater processes, as well as pharmaceuticals, electronics manufacturing and more.

ECD's advanced CA900 Analyzer for Fluoride measurement is easy to install and start. All that is necessary is to perform simple connections of the sample, waste and reagent lines and then power up the factory pre-calibrated analyzer. Wall mounting hardware comes standard with each analyzer.

3.2 WORKING PRINCIPLE: ION SELECTIVE (ISE) USING ECD FLUORIDE ELECTRODE

To determine and maintain water quality, accurately measuring the Fluoride content is critical. The Fluoride measurement is based on ECD industrial grade ion-selective electrode technology. The analyzer mixing chamber contains ECD fluoride ion electrode for the measurement and accurately dispenses a type of TISAB reagent for an ionic strength adjustment to the sample to be measured. The added reagent breaks weak complexes formed with fluoride and certain metals such as aluminum or Iron (+3), to provide the fluoride concentration measurement. These analyzers will measure free fluoride ions from 0.02 ppm to 2,000 ppm in the optimum pH range of 5-8 pH which can be adjusted or compensated by the analyzer.

3.3 ANALYSIS CYCLE

The CA900 Fluoride Analyzer typically performs a single Fluoride measurement per analysis cycle. Its standard program sequence consists of step as outlined below. The desired frequency of analysis between cycles can be easily modified to the requirements of the user's process.

Rinse	The rinse cycle draws in liquid from the sample input to flush the Reaction Cell of any previous run residue.
Sample input line	A quantity of liquid is drawn from the sample line to test.
Mixer On	The mixer is turned on as a preface to add reagent.
Add Reagent	A quantity of reagent is added as part of the measurement.
Wait	The analyzer waits to give time for the sensor to react to the mixture.
Measure Fluoride	The Fluoride value is read from the ISE sensor.
Mixer Off	The mixer is turned off at completion of the measurement.
Drain	The test mixture is drained from the Reaction Cell
Rinse	The rinse cycle draws in liquid from the sample input to flush the
	Reaction Cell of any previous run residue.
END	Signal to end or stop the current run cycle.

3.3.1 TYPICAL RUN SEQUENCE



4.0 COMPONENTS

The CA900 Fluoride Analyzer has two distinct sections:

- 1. The **Electrical Section** including power supply, microprocessor controller, I/O and touch screen interface which are located in the Upper Compartment.
- 2. The Liquids Section which includes all of the liquid handling equipment and is located in the Lower compartment.



Image 1: Internal Sections

4.1 ELECTRICAL SECTION

The microprocessor based controller and its PCB assembly are located in the electronic section. The controller handles all analyzer operations. Collecting all the information and data coming from the different analyzer devices and controls all I/O dialogue with the user touch screen interface and data transfer equipment.







Image 3: 4-20mA Analog Output and Digital Input Board



Image 5: Liquids Section



THE SAMPLE AND REAGENT INPUT MUST BE AT ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE

Failure to do so will cause tubing rupture and over-filling of the Reaction Cell which will cause incorrect readings. In addition, the Reagent could be damaged.



THE DRAIN OUTPUT MUST BE AT ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE

Failure to drain will result causing over-filling of the Reaction Cell which will cause incorrect readings and eventually Reaction Cell over-flow.

4.2.1 PUMPS

There are two peristaltic pumps in the Liquids Section that are used for drawing a sample to be tested (Sample Pump) and the other for dispensing a reagent to the sampled liquid (Reagent Pump). Peristaltic pumps work by impinging a small section of tube and pushing along a small quantity of liquid. After a while (depending on use), the impinged tubing will flatten out and need replacement which is characterized by incomplete fills. The Sample Pump's front hinges up allowing access to the tubing for replacement, whereas, the Reagent Pump blue cassette (the front) rotates approximately 1/8 turn and pull straight out for replacement. Use only ECD tubing and replacement items.

4.2.2 DRAIN VALVE

A normally-closed drain (pinch) valve is used to control the draining of the reaction cell. When the valve is actuated it opens and drains the cell. The pinching jaws are sized for 3/8" O.D. Norprene® tubing. The size and material of the tubing is VERY IMPORTANT, use only ECD spares. This tubing should be checked regularly for proper sealing.

4.2.3 REACTION CELL

The reaction cell is the vessel where the sample and reagent are added and mixed. The Fluoride sensor is inserted through an opening on the top of the reaction cell where the sensor electrode is submerged in the sample mixture and measures the fluoride solution. Inside the reaction cell is a magnetic bar that is spun on its center axis by the stirring motor immediately below the reaction cell. The assembly is like a laboratory stirring plate.

4.2.4 FLUORIDE SENSOR

The Fluoride sensor has two parts: the sensor body with electronics in a 10-inch stainless steel tube and the fluoride sensor electrode (screwed in to the open end of the sensor body). The sensor uses the fluoride electrode to measure the concentration. When not in use, the electrode (can be still attached to the sensor) should be kept wet with ECD booting solution (best) or at a minimum tap water.

The Fluoride sensor is connected to be panel and electronics via a circular connector.

- 1. To connect, simply line-up the indicators on the male (on the sensor cable) and female (on the panel) connectors then push the male sensor connector to mate, The locking ring on the male connector will rotate ¼ turn then snap back when a proper mate is achieved.
- 2. To disconnect, simply turn the locking ring on the male connector ¼ turn which will push the male connector free of the panel mounted female connector.



DO NOT USE DE-IODIZED WATER TO STORE THE SENSOR ELECTRODE.

De-ionized water will cause damage to the sensor electrode and will require replacement. The sensor's electrode is shipped with a black boot on the end with booting solution, this boot can be refilled and used again.

5.0 MOUNTING

Mount the CA900 in a location where there is easy access to the controller and sensors, installing the system in an area where vibrations, electromagnetic, and radio frequency interference are minimized or absent. Do not mount in direct sunlight or areas of extreme heat (temperature > 50° C (122° F). The CA900 is suitable for outdoor use avoiding direct water spray or rain, as such, it is best to mount it with a protective cover or sunshield to prevent discoloring over the years.



5.1 WIRING

Electrical wiring should only be conducted by qualified personnel.

Before starting to install any wiring, please be aware of the following;

Warning: RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK
Disconnect Power before opening instrument.
WARNING: Electrical installation must be in accordance with the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA-70), Canadian Electrical Code and/or any other applicable national or local codes.

5.1.1 WIRING, POWER

ECD recommends using a thermoplastic, outdoor sunlight resistant jacketed cable, wet location rated, and $\frac{1}{2}$ " flexible conduit. The power should be hard wired with a switch or breaker to disconnect the controller from the main power supply. Install the switch or breaker near the controller, and label it as the Power Switch for the controller.

110/220 VAC

Attach power cable as shown in <u>Image 2</u> Page <u>17</u>. Feed the cable through one of the gland fittings on the left hand side of the CA900. Tighten the cable gland to provide a good seal to the cable. The instrument can be powered up at this point with no harm to the controller, but it is best to wait until the sensor is installed.

5.1.2 WIRING, ANALOG OUTPUTS (AO)

The industry standard 4 to 20mA Analog Outputs (Ao) are shown in <u>Image 3</u> Page <u>18</u>. The analog outputs are labeled as **A1+(-)** to **A4+(-)**. **A1+** is located on the right side of the circuit board with **A4-** on the left side of the board.

5.1.3 WIRING, CONTACT RELAY OUTPUTS

The standard configuration has 8 SPST 230V 15A relays that can be wired either **normally open (NO)** or **normally closed (NC)**. Diagram of the relays can be seen in <u>Image 4</u> Page <u>18</u>.

5.1.4 WIRING, DIGITAL INPUT (DI)

The Digital Inputs (Di) are shown in <u>Image 3</u> Page <u>18</u>. The Digital inputs are labeled **Di1+ (-)** to **Di4+ (-)**. **Di1+** is located on the right side of the circuit board with **Di4-** on the left side of the board. The Digital Inputs are used by connecting the + and – of one of the Di channels together to provide an ON indication to the system, disconnecting or opening indicates the channel is OFF.

6.0 REAGENTS AND BUFFERS

The CA900 Fluoride Analyzer uses the following reagents:

Reagent 1 – Ionic Strength Adjuster and can be purchased in sizes of 1L, 2L, 5L, and 20L.

The CA900 Fluoride Analyzer uses any of 2 the following calibration standards and should be selected based on the range of the Analyzer or 100 ppm whichever is lower. For example a range of 0 to 10 ppm should use the full scale standard of 10 ppm and one decade lower of 1 ppm. Standards are available as follows in 500 mL volumes:

1 ppm, 3 ppm, 5 ppm, 10 ppm, 30 ppm, 50, ppm, 100 ppm

If the Analyzer utilizes a pH electrode in addition to the Fluoride sensor pH 7 and pH 4 Buffer is needed to calibrate the pH sensor.

Read all MSDS data sheets before preparing the reagents.

Use good laboratory technique. Wear safety goggles, gloves and protective clothing when preparing the reagents, calibration solutions or cleaning solutions.

Mind all Hazard and Poison labels.

Pre-made reagents and solutions are available from ECD. The part #s for the reagents can be found in Appendix B Page 74.

7.0 OPERATION

The ECD Model CA900 Fluoride Analyzer is designed for the online continuous measurement of Fluoride in a general purpose industrial environment. The CA900 uses an ECD sensor equipped with a ECD Fluoride electrode to measure the Fluoride content of a sampled process stream mixed with a reagent to enhance the free Fluoride ions. The measurement identity is contained in the Sensor's memory. The measured Fluoride is data logged and can be used as setpoints.

Programming or setup of the CA900 is accomplished via the color LCD touch panel mounted on the front of the housing. The resistive touch panel requires more force to actuate selections than a typical cell phone capacitive touch screen;



therefore, don't expect to soft-touch the screen button and get an action. Resistive touch screens have better characteristics suited for an industrial environment than capacitive touch screens; for example, resistance to false actuations by water droplets. Programming is done using a menu system that presents options to the user graphically. All selections are stored in a non-volatile memory for recall during power-up.



Only press on the Touch Screen using a finger or soft tipped stylus. <u>NEVER</u> use any hard object such as keys, screw drivers etc. The Touch Screen will be damaged and will be considered customer abuse thereby rendering the CA900's warranty void.

7.1 CONVENTIONS

7.1.1 DEFINITIONS

The following are useful definitions used in the manual and are included for clarity.

- 1. Base Screen A The home screen of the CA900 used to display device information. Base Screen A is where everything defaults or times out back to.
- 2. Device Any of the various CA900 resources available for the user, ex. Sensors, Relays etc.
- 3. Sensor The metal or plastic tube (body) where a sensor element is screwed into and is connected directly to the CA900 via a 4 conductor (wire) cable.
- 4. Sensor Element or Electrode The cartridge that is screwed into the sensor end, usually an ISE or pion sensor element meant for millivolt (mV) sensors.
- 5. ISE Ion Selective Electrode.
- 6. Ao Analog Output (4mA -20mA)
- 7. Di Digital Input (switch input)
- 8. Screen The Color LCD Panel that is the primary output to the user.
- 9. Touch Screen The clear resistive membrane that is located on the face of the Screen and is the primary input for the user.
- 10. Popup Screen Screens that are activated by buttons on the Base or other Popup Screens. Popup screens allow device configuration and access to device information. These screens will overlay Base Screen A.
- 11. Pulldown Screen Screens that present a list of user choices and are activated from either a Popup or another Pulldown Screens. There isn't a title bar with screen name, the screen number is at the bottom and the Pulldown Screen over-lays the activating screen.

- 12. Title Bar The bar at the top of a Popup Screen that has the screen number and name. Pulldown Screens don't have a title bar.
- 13. Screen Numbers Numbers in the title bar (Popup Screens) or at the bottom left (Pulldown Screens) that can be used to reference the screen instead of the screen name.

7.1.2 COLORS

Various colors are used on the LCD panel to convey the operation of the CA900 to the user.

- 1. Gray The button or action is not available.
- 2. Light Blue The parameter can be modified or denotes the current selection.
- 3. Green The parameter or device has been activated.
- 4. Yellow or Orange A warning that an action is occurring or the user is about to make a system change.

7.1.3 BUTTONS AND INDICATORS

Buttons are graphical elements on the Screen that can be activated by pressing the touch screen area of the button. Indicators are also graphical elements on the Screen but are only activated by a CA900's parameter, pressing an indicator don't result in any action. Buttons can also be Indicators but retain the feature of touch activation.



Buttons will change color to light blue indicating the button press. Whatever action the button is for will soon follow.



Not all buttons look like the depictions above, for example, the buttons to the left are from a Pulldown Screen selection list. The top button highlighted in light blue indicates a current selection.



Indicators will change color or shape to show a state or parameter has changed. This example shows the state of datalogging, on – green, off – gray.

7.1.3.1 Special Buttons

The EXIT and BACK buttons are on most if not all Popup Screens and have specific action relating to the menu screens.



Pressing EXIT will close all Popup Screens and return to Base Screen A.

The bar graph at the bottom of the EXIT button corresponds to the amount of time left before the Popup Screen is automatically closed. The bar turns red when there is \sim 20% of the time remaining before the screen back light will turn off.



Pressing BACK will close the current Popup Screen and return to the previous Popup Screen.



The left and right arrow buttons are used on specific screens and allow moving between screens related to that menu screen. For example, the system information screens use the left and right arrow buttons to move between system specific information. The arrows are also used to navigate between the base screens.



The right-right arrow button opens a pulldown screen that allows the user to "jump" directly to a specific base screen without the need to use the left or right arrow buttons to sequentially move between the base screens.

Popup Screen Number 🗨

Popup Screens have a title bar with screen name and screen number and are activated by buttons on the Base or other Popup Screens. Popup Screens allow device configuration and access to device information. The Popup Screen will close after a determined interval setup in the Display Configuration.



7.1.5 PULLDOWN SCREENS

Pulldown Screens present a list of user choices and are activated from either a Popup or another Pulldown Screen. There isn't a title bar with screen name but the screen number is at the bottom. The Pulldown Screen over-lays the activating screen and closes after 7 seconds if no selection has been made.

15 min
30 min
1 hr.
2 hr.
4 hr.
8 hr.
24 hr

Pulldown Screen Number 🖛

7.2 STARTUP SCREEN

The Startup Screen is the first screen presented after power is applied to the CA900. While the Startup Screen is displayed, the system is initializing and the sensor inputs are being scanned for the presence of a Fluoride sensor. Once the Fluoride sensor is found, it is always polled for data and cannot be disabled.



Indicates the system is initializing and will turn all green when completed.

7.3 BASE SCREENS

The Left and Right arrows are used to navigate between the four base screens providing views of additional system and run information.







Input 1 can still be employed with a relay for local indication, for example



178 Continuo	us	101
		n Cycle
Day(s)	Maximum 7 Day(s) 0	BACK
Hr(s)	0 24 Hirtsi	RUN
Min(s)	O 60 Min(s) O	CLEAR
Store	Sensor O	=F

In the END position, the user sets the additional wait time after each cycle.
For example, one cycle on average is 5 minutes. Configuring the settings to:
Day(s) = 0 Hrs(s) = 1 Min(s) = 0
Means that after a cycle is finished, the analyzer will wait for (1) hour until the next cycle begins.

7.3.1.3 Main Screen A1 (Run Recipe)














English

RUN

Step

1 of 10

End

MAINT

MENU



7.4 MAINTENANCE MENU AND FUNCTIONS

The maintenance menu allows the user to rinse, drain and store the sensor with sample. Use these functions when performing tubing replacements, hydraulic checks, replacement of the electrode and/or placing the analyzer in standby mode.

7.4.1 MAINTENANCE MENU: RINSE







7.5 MENU FUNCTIONS (MENU HOME SCREEN)







7.5.2.1 Configure (System Menu)

7.5.2.1.1 Language

The user is able to choose between English and Spanish Language.



7.5.2.1.2 Bottle Maintenance

The Bottle Maintenance Key allows the user to Name the Bottle, Input the Bottle Volume, and provide a Low Liquid Volume Alert Level.







170 Configure System	
LANGUAGE BOTTLE EXIT	
DISPLAY DATALOG ETHERNET BACK	
PASSWRD SYSTEM I/O RESET USER CHOICES	
	WATER
	1234567890
95 Password	ARCDEECHII
	KINNODODST
Calibration OFF	K L M N U P Q K S I
WATER	U V VV X Y Z . BS Def
Configuration OFF	CAPS - CLR
WATER	
	95 Password
Pressing the red square (without checkmark) will	
turn on both the Calibration (green square with	✓ Calibration ON EXIT
gray square with checkmark denotes the	WATER
Configuration password <u>cannot</u> be turned off.	BACK
Both passwords are the same by default but can be modified by the user	WATER
The Configuration password can be turned on	
independent of the Calibration password.	95 Password
The respective password will be active on the	Calibration OFF
next entry into the Calibrate or Configure	
Screens.	WATER
	BACK

WATER



7.5.2.1.8 I/O – Digital Inputs

Digital Inputs are simple switch inputs where the corresponding +24Vdc connector pin is shorted to the corresponding input connector pin indicating an external switch is ON and left open indicating OFF. Di devices can be used to monitor various switch devices. The Di device can be given a descriptive Name such as "Lo Vol" in order to facilitate reading the CA900 channel with the DI device. The Di device only has to be enabled for monitoring and to start datalogging, the Di device doesn't have to be displayed on Base Screen A for the input to be continually monitored



(See Section 7.6 for 4-20 mA and Section 7.7 for Relays)



7.5.2.1.10 Reset User Choices



The reset user choices screen allows the user to set or reset previous choices made about viewing the warning screens again. The red square without check mark means the warning will be displayed, whereas, the green square with the check mark means the warning will not be displayed.

Ao 1



7.5.3 CAL SENSOR 1

CAL Sensor 1 allows the user to calibrate the Fluoride Sensor. Different types of calibrations are available such as automatic two point calibration, standardization, manual calibration. A temperature calibration is also found in this menu.

(See Section 7.8 For the Calibration Guide)



7.5.4 INFORMATION

The INFO (Information) menu allows the user to view the system and sensor information such as Ethernet, relay, 4-20 mA, and calibrations.



7.5.4.1 Sensor Info

Sensor Information gives the user a single location to view data regarding the sensor. The first screen provides the serial number, revision, isopotential and temperature compensation of the sensor. The second screen shows the sensor range. There are three calibration logs with Cal Log 1 being the most recent. As calibrations are performed, the logs are shifted to next higher log number with the highest log number written over and lost. For example, Cal Log 1 becomes Cal Log 2, Cal Log 2 becomes Cal Log 3 and Cal Log 3 is lost. The current calibration is then stored in Cal Log 1.



7.5.4.2 System Info

Pressing the SYSTEM button will present a series of Pulldown Screens containing information on various system parameters such as firmware revisions, system serial number, Ethernet addresses and mask, relay configurations and Ao configurations.



7.6 ANALOG OUTPUTS (4-20 MA) CONFIGURATIONS

Analog Outputs present proportional 4 to 20mA current output corresponding the signal level of any of the other CA900 devices (Sensors, Process Variable, Digital Inputs) assigned to the Ao channel. The 4 to 20mA output will correspond to the range starting and ending from the endpoints set by the user. For example, a sensor has a sensing range of 0 to 40,000ppm (40ppT), the user can choose to use an Ao to only monitor the sensing range from 500ppm (4mA) up to 1000ppm (20mA). A Name can be given to the Ao device in order to denote the meaning of the output. The Ao device only has to be enabled for monitoring and to start datalogging, the Ao device doesn't have to be displayed on Base Screen A for the input to be continually monitored.



The 4-20 mA can be assigned to the Process Variable (PV), the Fluoride Sensor (Sensor 1 F-) or any of the Digital Inputs (Di 1-4)



7.6.1 4-20 MA (PROCESS VARIABLE, PV)



7.6.2 4-20 MA (SENSOR VALUE)

Configure the 4-20 mA for the Fluoride Sensor's measurement. In the example, 0.00 ppT corresponds to 4.0 mA output and 2.000 ppT corresponds to 20.0 mA output.

2 Configure Ao		
Ao 1	Enabled	EXIT
Name Nam	e1	
Use As Fault	Current	
No No		SAVE
Assign T	o Sensor 1	F-
Parameter	Sensor Value	
4 mA =	0.000 ppT	12 00 mA
20 mA =	2.000 ppT	RUN
Ao Trim =	0.00 mA	

7.6.3 4-20 MA (SENSOR TEMPERATURE)

Configure the 4-20 mA for the Fluoride Sensor's Temperature.

2 Configure Ao	Enabled	EXIT
Use As Fault C	urrent	SAVE
Assign To	Sensor 1	F-
Parameter	Sensor Temp	
4 mA =	0.0°C	Simulate
20 mA =	0.0°C	
Ao Trim =	0.00 mA	KUN

7.6.4 4-20 MA (DIGITAL INPUT, DI 1-4)

Configure the 4-20 mA for the Digital Inputs 1-4. In the example, 4.00 mA turns OFF the input and 20.0 mA will turn ON the input.



7.7 RELAY CONFIGURATIONS

Any of the 4 relays can be configured as an Alarm, Timed or Fault Type and any relay can be Disabled and never used. The buttons down the right of Base Screen A will open configuration Pulldown Screens for the relay type assigned to the relay; in addition, the buttons also serve as indicators lighting up green when a relay has been activated and depict the Relay Type in plain text.



7.7.1 RELAY TYPE (ALARM)

Alarm type relays can be set to activate and deactivate at particular setpoints related to Sensor Readings or Temperature, Process Variable, or Digital Inputs. There are various options to enable different uses of the Alarm type relay.



The energized state means the normally open (NO) contact is open until the relay is activated, then the NO contact will close. Then De-Energized state means the NO contact is closed until the relay is activated, then then NO contact will open.



7.7.1.1 Relay Type (Alarm – Sensor 1 Value)

The user can set an Alarm Relay for the Sensor 1 Value. Configure the "On Setpoint" and "Off Setpoint" to determine when the alarm will turn ON/OFF.



7.7.1.2 Relay Type (Alarm – Sensor 1 Temperature)

The user can set an Alarm Relay for the Sensor 1 Temperature. The maximum and minimum values are + 70°C and - 20°C respectively.

Relay 1	ULT DISABLE	EXIT
Assigned To	Sensor 1	_
Parameter S	Sensor Temp	SAVE
On Setpoint	0°C	
Expiration	None	Simulate
Delay On	0 sec.	ONC
Off Setpoint	0°C	
Delay Off	0 sec.	
State	Energized	OFF

7.7.1.3 Relay Type (Alarm – Process Variable)

The user can set an Alarm Relay for the Process Variable. The Process Variable represents the output after a full analysis cycle is completed.

Relay 1	FALLT	EXIT
Assign To	PV	SAVE
On Setpoint	00 00 ppm	
Expiration	None	Simulate
Expiration Delay On	None 0 sec.	Simulate
Expiration Delay On Off Setpoint	None 0 sec. 25.00 ppm	
Expiration Delay On Off Setpoint Delay Off	None 0 sec. 25.00 ppm 0 sec.	

7.7.1.4 Relay Type (Alarm – Digital Input)

The user can set an Alarm Relay for any of the 1-4 Digital Inputs.



7.7.2 RELAY TYPE (TIMED)

Timed Type relays allow for a periodic activation independent of any CA900 device set points. This feature is especially useful for spray cleaners such as the ECD AC10. The timed relay can be set to activate the spray cleaner at a running period and for a duration of sparging. Since the sensor reading would be erratic due to the sparging, a hold can be set to avoid inadvertent relay activations and Ao outputs. The numbers under each of the parameters are the times remaining for the time set point.



7.7.3 RELAY TYPE (FAULT)

Selecting a Fault Type will automatically activate the relay (the normally open, NO, contact closes) until a fault occurs, after which, the relay will be deactivated (NO contact opens). The Fault Type operates this way as a fail-safe notification of the CA900 loss of power where the Fault Type relay will open due to loss of power.



7.7.4 RELAY TYPE (DISABLE)

Relays can be disabled when not in use or when diagnosing a problem where relay activation is undesired. Disable the relay in question and later set the relay back to the type previously configured. All the setpoints and other parameters will have been saved and reconfigured into the relay.

62 Configure Rolay - DIBABLE Relay 3 Alarm Timed Fault DISABLE	EXIT
Relay will not	SAVE
activate on Alarm.	Simulate

7.7.5 RELAY TYPE (SIMULATION)

Relay Simulation allows at-will testing of relay connections independent of the relay configuration. Exiting the relay configuration will return the relay to its previous activation state.

60 Configure Relay - A Relay 1		EXIT	
Assigned To Parameter S	Sensor 1 ensor Temp	SAVE	
Expiration	None	Simulate	Simulate
Delay On	0 sec.	ONC	-ONC
Off Setpoint	0°C	-OC ONO	ONO
Delay Off	0 sec.		
State	Energized		

7.8 CALIBRATION

Sensor Calibration allows the user to adjust the sensor to known values in order to compensate for wear and tear on the electrode. There are four types of calibration; AUTO, STAND, MANUAL and TEMP each of which are described in separate sections below.



7.8.1 AUTO CALIBRATION



Auto Calibration is the primary calibration method for all measurements. Auto Calibration automatically recognizes the calibration solution the sensor is in and proposes the actual temperature compensated value for acceptance.



7.8.2 STANDARDIZE CALIBRATION



A Standardize Calibration is a single point calibration where the sensor's reading is adjusted to agree with a solution of known value, either a calibration standard, a grab sample or laboratory determined value.



7.8.3 MANUAL CALIBRATION

MANUAL

Manual Calibration allows the user to enter calibration data for an electrode into the transmitter without performing a calibration. A Manual Calibration requires entry of three pieces of data, (1) A concentration with the (2) corresponding mV value and (3) a slope for the electrode. These values are derived when the electrodes are manufactured and have been entered into the sensor before shipment. There is a test sheet for the electrode that includes the above values.



7.9 MENU AND USER INTERFACE CONFIGURATIONS

7.9.1 System Hold Indications



8.0 MAINTENANCE

Basic maintenance on the CA900 Fluoride Analyzer requires refilling or replacing reagent containers and cleaning the Reaction Cell on a regular basis. In addition, it is advised to perform an overall visual check of the wetted parts for any leakage. If any leaks are detected, take immediate corrective action. Cleaning of the analyzer cabinet is best performed using a soft, non-aggressive cleaner. The use of a logbook for registering reagent refiling, corrective measures and performed scheduled maintenance is strongly recommended.

Switch off the power to the analyzer prior to the performance of the basic maintenance work, the CA900 Fluoride Analyzer cannot be operational during maintenance. Prior to any maintenance work, take into consideration all necessary precautions regarding personal safety (protective clothing, safety glasses etc). Always label and rinse all connected tubing with water prior to removal of analyzer.

	Caution
	The CA900 Fluoride Analyzer uses a chemical reagent.
L	Make sure that proper safety precautions are taken (e.g. using safety gloves and glasses) when handling chemical reagents.

8.1 VISUAL CHECK

Visually check the following items whenever possible:

- Liquid leakage
- Cell sample level (during cycle)
- Electrode Sensor and Reaction cell cleanliness and condition
- Reagent levels

8.2 MONTHLY

- Visual check (as stated above)
- Replace Drain Pinch Valve Tubing
- Clean the Reaction Cell
- Replace Reagent 1 and reset reagent counter
- Recalibration

8.3 EVERY 4-6 MONTHS (DEPENDING ON APPLICATION)

- Replace Hydraulic Tubing
 - o Peristaltic Pump Sample Tubing
 - Peristaltic Reagent Tubing
 - Sample Tubing
 - Clean/Replace Fittings
- Recalibration (if not performed on a monthly basis)

8.4 ANNUAL

- Replace Fluoride Electrode (depending on application the electrode may need replacement every 6 12 months)
- Analyzer general inspection (for qualified personnel only)

9.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

Symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
Blank Display	No Power	Check power source, 110/220VAC
Incorrect readings	Sensor needs calibration	Perform a standardization calibration. See
		INFO for calibration log
	Incorrect Temperature	Calibrate/Trim Temperature to correct value
	measurement	
	Temperature Compensation set up incorrectly	Verify: 0.33%
"Sensor Comm Lost" prompt	Lost connection between sensor	Check sensor connection to controller, loose
	and controller	connector? Visually inspect cable for cuts or
		crushed areas, replace sensor if cable is
		compromised

10.0 SENSOR MAINTENANCE

The Fluoride sensor requires periodic cleaning and/or replacement. The life of an electrode is dependent on the process conditions it is exposed to. The chemical constituents in the process may coat the electrode surfaces requiring the electrode to be removed and cleaned or replaced. Cleaning agents should be specific to the type of coating, detergents, and alcohols for removing greases and oils, acids for removing hard water scales and metallic deposits or spray washing for flocculants and biofilms.

10.1 ELECTRODE CARTRIDGE REPLACEMENT

Periodic replacement of the electrode cartridges is required for the CA900 Fluoride Analyzer. The following procedure explains how to replace the electrode cartridge in the sensor assembly:

- 1. Remove the sensor assembly from the reaction cell, rinse with tap water and wipe the sensor body dry.
- 2. Remove the electrode cartridge from the front of the sensor assembly by turning it counterclockwise.
- 3. Take the new electrode cartridge and remove the protective soaker boot and element cover. Be careful not to flex the electrode body while removing the tape and the protective boot.
- 4. Rinse the electrode tip in tap water, and wipe the electrode body dry, then lubricate the o-ring seals with the included lubricant. *Save the protective soaker boot in the event the electrode must be stored at a future time.*
- 5. Replace the electrode cartridge by inserting the BNC connector (silver cylinder) into the open end of the sensor body pushing past the first o-ring, up to the second o-ring where the electrode cannot be pushed further. Continue the installation by turning the electrode clockwise into the sensor body (screwing the electrode into the sensor body) past the second o-ring on the electrode stopping at the last ridge on the electrode body. Turning the electrode should stop, as the electrode is completely seated.

NOTE: DO NOT OVER-TIGHTED THE ELECTRODE. IF EXCESS FORCE IS REQUIRED DURING ELECTRODE INSTALLATION, CHECK FOR PROPER THREAD ENGAGEMENT OR FOR AN OBSTRUCTION.

10.2 ELECTRODE CARTRIDGE MAINTENANCE

An important aspect of sensor maintenance is the service of the electrode cartridge. After being in operation, an electrode may begin to exhibit slow response or non-reproducible measurement. This may be due to coating of the measurement electrode or clogging of the reference junction. Regular electrode cleaning reduces problems associated with the coating and clogging. Frequency of cleaning will depend on the process and application.

If possible, the electrode can be cleaned without removing it from the sensor body. However, if the electrode must be removed, the o-rings must be inspected and re-lubricated with the silicone grease supplied with the CA900 Fluoride Analyzer.

10.2.1 CLEANING

The Fluoride solid state crystal based electrode is fairly robust and can be cleaned with alcohols, detergents, or dilute acids to remove coatings caused by greases, oils, or films. A soft tooth brush or paper towel should be used to remove stubborn coatings, but the sensor tip should be avoided. Do not clean with a wire brush. Metal carry-over from the brush will compromise the measurement. Cleaning should be followed by polishing before calibrating the sensor.

10.2.2 POLISHING

Abrasive polishing is only recommended for the solid state crystal style Combination Electrodes. ECD supplies a small vial of 0.3 micron alumina powder with Q-tips with the fluoride electrodes.

The sensing surface of solid state electrodes can wear over time, which causes drift, poor reproducibility, and loss of response in low level samples. The electrode can be restored by polishing the sensing surface with a polishing kit. The polishing kit can also be used if the sensing surface has been etched or chemically poisoned.

Polishing procedure:

- a. Moisten the end of the Q-tip with clean water and dip it in the alumina polishing powder to pick up a small amount of the powder.
- b. Rub the polishing powder onto the fluoride crystal in a circular motion and moisten the tip if necessary to produce a liquid consistency more than a paste.
- c. Polish the electrode for about 30 seconds and examine the tip for a shiny surface, repeat if necessary.
- d. Rinse the electrode with distilled water, and soak the electrode in a low ppm Calibration solution for a few minutes.
- e. Perform a calibration.

10.3 S80/DS80 Sensor Specifications

- 1. Dimensions: DS80/S80 ¾" OD x 8" Length
- 2. Cable Length: 4' standard 4 conductor shielded
- 3. Housing Materials: 316 Stainless Steel
- 4. Ring Materials: Standard: Viton[™] (VIT)
- 5. Shipping Weight: S80/DS80 1.2kg (2.5lbs.)

10.3.1 Fluoride Electrode

Part#:	2005163.VIT
ISE sensor:	solid state LaF crystal
Construction:	PEEK body
Reference Electrode:	double porous Teflon junction
Measurement range:	0.02 – 2,000 ppm
pH Range:	5 – 8 pH
Temperature Range:	0° – 80°C
Pressure Range:	50 psig

11.0 ANALYZER SHUTDOWN

If the CA900 Fluoride Analyzer will be out of service for a period of two weeks or greater, proceed as follows:

- 1. Empty all reagent containers.
- 2. Rinse and refill all reagent containers with distilled water.
- 3. Prime all of the pumps with DI water.
- 4. Disconnect the sample feed line and fill the fast-loop reservoir (if present) with distilled water.
- 5. With the sample inlet tubing attached to a container of distilled water, run the analyzer for at least 2 cycles.
- 6. Empty the water from all lines.
- 7. Put the analyzer in stand-by condition.
- 8. Turn OFF the power to the analyzer and disconnect the plug from the wall socket.
- 9. Place the Fluoride electrode sensing element orange cap over the sensing element.
- 10. Place the Fluoride sensor electrode (sensing end) into booting solution (clear rubber cap) for storage.
Appendix A Purchasing Information

Model CA900 Fluoride Analyzer, Part # Guide								
CA900 Parameter								
	2	Fluoride						
		Range	ge					
		А	0 - 50 ppm (mg/L)					
	B 0 - 200 ppm (mg/L)							
		С	0 - 1,000 ppm (mg/L)					
			Number of Channels					
			1	1 Channe	l, Atmosph	neric Samp	ling	
			Analyzer Outputs					
				1	(X4) 4-20	mA, (x4) R	elays, Ethernet	
					Reagent Containers			
					1	Reagent	Container	
						Fast Loop Sample Cell		
						0	No Fast Loop Sample Cell (Standard)	
						1	Fast Loop Sample Cell (1000270-2)	
CA900	2	Α	1	1	1	0		

Appendix B Parts and Accessories

Model CA900 Fluoride Analyzer: Spare Parts						
Part#	Description					
2000194	KIT, TUBING, ANNUAL MAINTENANCE + QUARTERLY SAMPLE & PINCH VALVE					
2010199-20	REAGENT 20L					
2010400	FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1PPM 500ML					
2010401	FLUORIDE SOLUTION 10PPM 500ML					
2005163.VIT	FLUORIDE ELECTRODE					
2000196	REACTION CELL MOTOR ASSY					
2000192-1	REAGENT MICROPUMP					
9600086	MAGNETIC STIR BAR					
2000193	KIT FITTINGS					
9551026	O-RING REACTION CELL					
2000097-1	PINCH DRAIN VALVE					
2000151-1	SAMPLE PUMP					
1000270-2	FAST LOOP RESERVOIR					

